





# Scratching the surface – Person-centred knowledge morally and professionally commits nurses

Rosted E, Olesen ML

#### Introduction

Within the person-centred framework, Guided self-determination is a method that supports reflection, collaboration, personal decision-making and problem solving.

#### Purpose

The purpose of this study was to:

- 1. Examine clinical nurses' experience of facilitating Guided selfdetermination during radiation or outpatient chemotherapy treatment.
- 2. Examine the ward managers' motivation for implementing Guided self-determination in their departments and their expectations of impact.

## Method

Qualitative Interview study using a phenomenological hermeneutic approach.

Five nurses and their ward managers' were interviewed using individual semi structured- and focus group interviews. All five nurses had completed a Guided self-determination certification course.

Analyses were conducted using thematic analysis according to Braun

and Clarke's six-phases.

......professionally, I feel privileged being allowed to spend time with patients,

time that otherwise does not exists.

Being able to establish...."the relation" is

a fantastic experience; because this

is what nurses do (.....)

distress, future implementation of GSD in must be

along with organizational support.

Exactly, what about the rest of the whole person? We have very little time but nevertheless, we can do a lot during our contact with the patient

I think-there are two different "rooms" and this patient found it very difficult...because it may be difficult knowing how we talk with each other during treatments, where there are more people in the same room, compared to when we are just the two of us

?

To one of my GSD patients, I turned away not showing, not presenting myself to the patient, not welcoming the patient. Well, there is only 10 minutes calculated to her treatment and she would expect so much more from our conversation. And, then I chose the easy solution

#### VISUALIZING THE PROCESS FROM FINDING INITIAL CODES TO DEFINING SUBTHEME AND OVERALL THEMES **Initial codes** Subthemes **Overall theme** Personal satisfaction from patient Meaningful to nurses feedback. Patient empowerment, a new basis for cooperation. Reflection on professional Meaningful to ward managers GSD being meaningful to nurses, ward managers competences, wishing to work more and patients person-centred. Patient trajectories and nurses obligation to support them. Nurses professional competences and wishing to include the whole person. Legitimate to be professional • Framing the GSD conversations available and engage authentically in the GSD conversation room. Close relationship. Hard to navigate between the two rooms/difficult to reconcile the two rooms. GSD conversations creates a Refrain from inviting patients to a dilemma in relation to limited time GSD creates an deeper conversation during ordinary during tightly scheduled treatment extraordinary room for treatment consultations. Rejection when in the treatment counselling but caused moral distress because it room – turning away. was incompatible with Changed and trusted relation to the short-term clinical practice patient created a dilemma in relation to time. • A physical room for GSD Incompatibility between the treatment task and the time allotted in both the radiation therapy department and outpatient clinic. Not treating my GSD patients. Needed a free space, suffocation if

## **Findings**

not.

Two overall themes were generated

"GSD is meaningful to both clinical nurses, ward managers and patients"

and

"GSD creates an extraordinary room for counselling incompatible with clinical practice in a short-term contact but causing moral distress".

#### Conclusion

You become close [with the patients]

and the art is to be close but not bring

them home with you after work, but

sometimes it is hard. You are concerned

about them, and you can't just put

them aside when you go home

All nurses experienced the Guided self-determination intervention to be meaningful, person-centred and of value but difficult to implement in a busy technical field. To the clinical nurses this created a dilemma in everyday practice when they had to treat their Guided self-determination patients with the risk of causing moral distress. The nurses used different strategies to cope with this.

The ward managers emphasized the importance of GSD in this setting where information and accelerated treatment is in focus. By supporting

where information and accelerated treatment is in focus. By supporting the patients during treatment, they would potentially be better prepared to live with cancer. The ward managers also expected the GSD conversations to develop the nurses' professional competencies.