

Konference – 5. oktober 2023

Kompetencecenter for Lungesygdomme

Mette Kaasgaard, PostDoc, ph.d.

Singing in Respiratory Disease – Sing-a-Lung

Pulmonary Research Unit (PLUZ),
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Zealand University Hospital, Roskilde and Naestved



The Research and Implementation Unit PROgrez
Department of Physiotherapy and Occupational Therapy
Næstved-Slagelse-Ringsted Hospitals

Institute of Regional Health Research
Faculty of Health Sciences
University of Southern Denmark





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Ph.d. degree (2022)

Danish Research Foundation's Center of Excellence:
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Department of Clinical Medicine,
Faculty of Health, Aarhus University



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Pulmonary Research Unit (PLUZ),
Department of Medicine,
Zealand University Hospital, Roskilde and Naestved



M.Sc. - Digital Design and Communication – Digital Experiences and Art
IT University of Copenhagen



IT University
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Classical Singer and Singing Pedagogue
The Royal Danish Academy of Music





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Classical Singer and Singing Pedagogue
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3 original papers



Open access **Original research**

BMJ Open Heterogeneity in Danish lung choirs and their singing leaders: delivery, approach, and experiences: a survey-based study

Mette Kaasgaard ,^{1,2} Ingrid Charlotte Andersen ,^{1,3} Daniel Bech Rasmussen ,^{1,3} Ole Hilberg ,^{3,4} Anders Løkke ,^{3,4} Peter Vuust ,² Uffe Bodtger 

To cite: Kaasgaard M, Andersen IC, Rasmussen DB, et al. Heterogeneity in Danish lung choirs: an interview with singing leaders, delivery, approach, and experiences: a survey-based study. *BMJ Open* 2020;10:e034170. doi:10.1136/bmjopen-2020-041700

► Publication history and additional material for this paper is available online. To view these files, please visit the journal online at <http://dx.doi.org/10.1136/bmjopen-2020-041700>.

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ABSTRACT

Objectives Singing is considered a beneficial leisure time intervention for people with respiratory diseases, and lung choirs have gained increasing attention. However, there is no available guideline on preferred methodology, and how to deliver, approach, and experience singing. The present study investigated for the first time ever emerged delivery, approach, and experiences in Danish lung choirs and their singing leaders, hypothesising the array to be heterogeneous, without disease-specific approach, and a challenging field to navigate for both singing leaders.

Setting An online survey was conducted among 25 participants individually, May 2017, in Denmark.

Participants Current singing leaders of Danish lung choirs, identified by hand searches on the internet. In total, 33 singing leaders in formal and informal settings were identified and 20 (60%) responded.

Primary and secondary outcome measures 25 questions were performed individually, May 2017, in Denmark.

Strengths and limitations of this study

► This study is unique in several ways and is the first Danish study to explore lung choir singing leaders' experiences of methodological practice, approach, and challenges in the new field of lung choirs.

► The study allowed for an explorative approach and included experiences from both quantitative and qualitative research, through which we discovered new and unexpected aspects.

► Data analysis with methodological rigour and transparency strengthened validity and reliability of the study, using relevant quality tools and criteria for validation, recommended for assessing breath support.

► The survey form limits the possibility of in-depth insight, which could have been overcomed through individual interviews.



EUROPEAN RESPIRATORY JOURNAL
ORIGINAL RESEARCH ARTICLE
M. KAASGAARD ET AL.

Use of Singing for Lung Health as an alternative training modality within pulmonary rehabilitation for COPD: a randomised controlled trial

Mette Kaasgaard  ^{1,2}, Daniel Bech Rasmussen  ^{1,3}, Karen Hjerrild Andreasson  ^{1,3,4}, Ole Hilberg  ^{3,5}, Anders Løkke  ³, Peter Vuust  ² and Uffe Bodtger  ^{1,3,6}

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⁶Dept of Internal Medicine, Zealand University Hospital Roskilde, Roskilde, Denmark.

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Shareable abstract (@ERJpublications)
Singing for Lung health was noninferior to physical exercise training in short-term improvement of 6-min walk test distance in COPD patients attending pulmonary rehabilitation. In both groups, the effect was related to high adherence. <https://doi.org/10.1183/13993003.01142-2021>

Cite this article as: Kaasgaard M, Rasmussen DB, Andreasson KH, et al. Use of Singing for Lung health as an alternative training modality within pulmonary rehabilitation for COPD: a randomised controlled trial. *Eur Respir J* 2022; 59: 2101142 [DOI: [10.1183/13993003.01142-2021](https://doi.org/10.1183/13993003.01142-2021)].

Abstract
Background Pulmonary rehabilitation (COPD) is a cornerstone in chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) management. Physical exercise training (PET) is the mainstay of pulmonary rehabilitation, but it is often difficult to engage patients in this modality. Singing has been shown to improve lung function and quality of life in patients with COPD. The aim of this study was to compare singing with PET in terms of exercise capacity and patient satisfaction.

BMJ Open Respir Res (published first) 2022; 1:e001266 | doi:10.1136/bmjjres-2022-001266 | www.bmjjournals.org on 11 May 2022 Downloaded from

Chronic obstructive pulmonary disease

BMJ Open
Respiratory
Research

Physiological changes related to 10 weeks of singing for lung health in patients with COPD

Mette Kaasgaard,^{1,2} Daniel Bech Rasmussen,^{2,3} Anders Løkke,^{3,4} Peter Vuust,¹ Ole Hilberg,^{3,4} Uffe Bodtger^{2,3}

To cite: Kaasgaard M, Rasmussen DB, Løkke A, et al. Physiological changes related to 10 weeks of singing for lung health in patients with COPD. *BMJ Open Respir Res* 2022;8:e001266. doi:10.1136/bmjjres-2022-001266

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Check for updates

BACKGROUND

Singing for Lung Health (SLH) was non-inferior to physical exercise training in improving 6-minute walking test distance (6MWD) and quality of life (QoL). George's Respiratory Questionnaire (SGRO) within a 10-week pulmonary rehabilitation (PR) programme for COPD in our recent randomised controlled trial (RCT) (NCT03280353). Previous studies suggest that singing may improve physical performance and QoL in COPD, however, this has not yet been convincingly confirmed. Therefore, this study aimed to explore the impact of SLH on physiological parameters and the associations with achieving the minimum important difference (MID) in 6MWD and/or SGRO.

Methods We conducted post hoc, pre-planned analyses, mainly on the SLH group of the RCT, exploring associations with 6MWD and SGRO results by stratifying into achieving versus not-achieving 6MWD-MID (>30 m) and SGRO-MID (c=4 points); changes in lung function, inspiratory muscle strength/control, dyspnoea, and heart rate response using

WHAT IS ALREADY KNOWN ON THIS TOPIC

→ Singing for lung health (SLH) as part of community-based pulmonary rehabilitation has shown effects on walking distance and quality of life (QoL) in COPD, but current knowledge on the impact of SLH on physiological parameters is scarce.

WHAT THIS STUDY ADDS

→ This study suggests that improvements in 6-minute walking test and QoL during a short-term SLH programme is associated with diverse physiological changes in patients with COPD.

HOW THIS STUDY MIGHT AFFECT RESEARCH, PRACTICE, AND/OR POLICY

→ Our findings support that SLH has physiological impacts besides being a pleasant leisure time activity in COPD. However, further studies are needed to explore associations and to conclude on benefits of

1. Heterogeneity in Danish lung choirs and their singing leaders: delivery, approach, and experiences: a survey-based study.

Kaasgaard, M., Andersen, I.C., D.B. Rasmussen, Vuust, P., Hilberg, O., Løkke, A., Bodtger, U. *BMJ Open* 2020;10:e041700. DOI: 10.1136/bmjopen-2020-041700

2. Use of Singing for Lung Health as an alternative training modality within pulmonary rehabilitation for COPD: an RCT.

M. Kaasgaard, D. Bech Rasmussen, K. Andreasson, A. Løkke, P. Vuust, O. Hilberg, U. Bødtger. *European Respiratory Journal* 2021. DOI:10.1183/13993003.01142-2021

3. Physiological changes related to 10 weeks of Singing for Lung Health in patients with COPD.

M. Kaasgaard, D. Bech Rasmussen, A. Løkke, P. Vuust, O. Hilberg, U. Bodtger. **BMJ Open Respiratory Research** 2022. DOI: 10.1136/bmjjresp-2022-00120

PhD-afhandling (forsvar 10/6 2022):

Singing in Pulmonary Rehabilitation of Patients with Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD)

Link: <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1vuXJuFaHZLnDQMNYZEj4RXWLowqoj6En/view?usp=sharing>



Akademiske vejledere: Peter Vuust, Uffe Bødtger, Ole Hilberg, and Anders Løkke

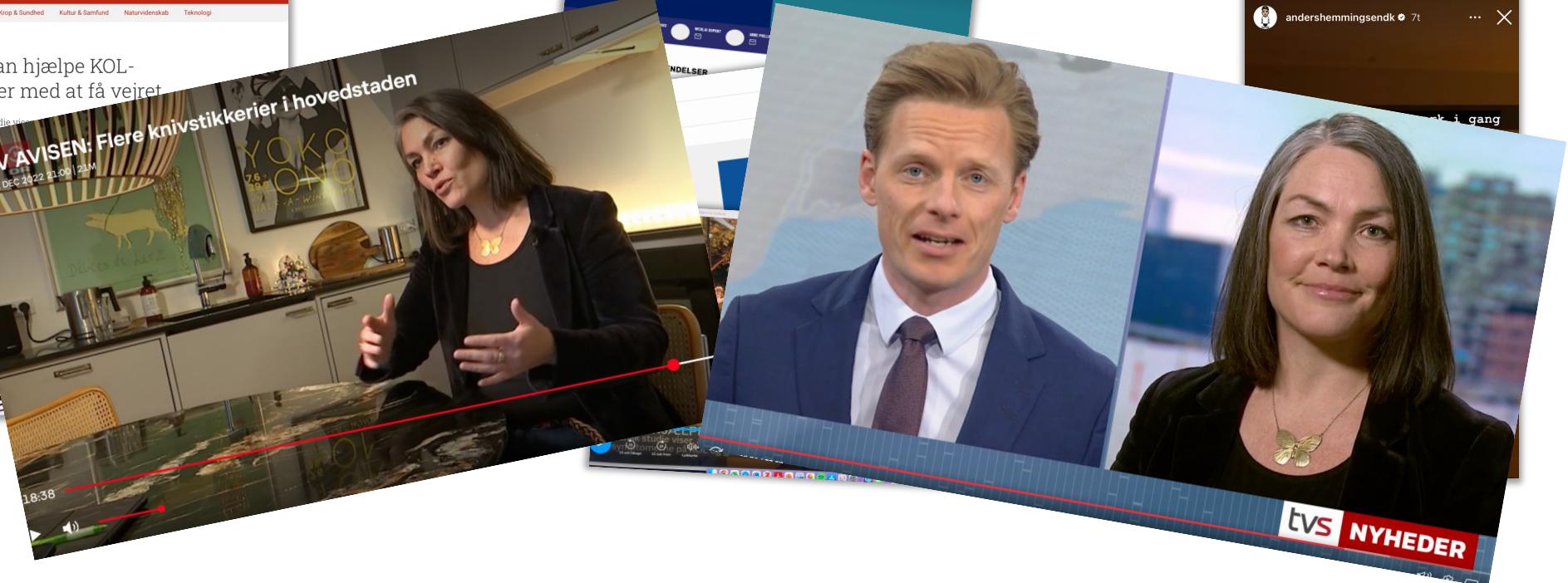
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Department of Clinical Medicine,
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Pulmonary Research Unit (PLUZ),
Department of Respiratory Medicine,
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Artikel på Videnskab.dk



Instagram/
Anders Hemmingsen

Juni 2023



Danmarks bedste kliniske forsøg og afprøvninger

Partnere

Danske Patienter

Dansk Selskab for Fysioterapi

Dansk Sygepleje Selskab [DASYS]

Lægeforeningen

Lægemiddelindustriforeningen [Lif]

Lægevidenskabelige Selskaber, LVS

Medicoindustrien

Pharmadanmark – Fagforeningen for life science

Trial Nation

Dagens Medicin



Årets forskerinitierede kliniske forsøg



Danmarks Bedste Kliniske forsøg & afprøvninger 2023 *Årets forskerinitierede kliniske forsøg Mette Kaasgaard og Uffe Bødtger.

Sing-a-Lung 1.0, Mette Kaasgaard, Lungemedicinsk Forskningsenhed [PLUZ]

Sjællands Universitetshospital samt Center for Music in the Brain, Institut for Klinisk Medicin, Aarhus Universitet

“

Udtalelse fra vinderen: "I lungerehabiliteringen er der en udfordring med meget stort frafald, og patienter med KOL er svære at nå og fastholde. Derfor er der brug for nye tilgange, som både adresserer det fysiske og det psykosociale, og som er sjove og nemmere at holde fast i efterfølgende".

Background: COPD

Third leading cause of death worldwide¹

Prevalence

Globally:

- 11.7% (8.4%–15.0%) in persons aged 30+ years²
- 384 million cases



Denmark:

- 4th largest health-care problem
- Amounts 10% of national healthcare budget
- 14.3% in persons aged 35+ years³
- 430,000 cases

1. WHO. The top 10 causes of death. Accessed 19 February 2019;

2. Adeloye D. J Global Health 2015; ³ Løkke A. Ugeskr Laeger 2007

Background: Pulmonary Rehabilitation (PR)

Adherence and maintenance

- Availability
- Lack of awareness
- Transportation issues
- Motivation and energy
- Inability to perform

Request for investigation
PR as part of inclu-

Mainly
psychological
• Mindfulness

- Walking a dog

supplement

Other/combined
• Home-based tele-
solutions

Background: Singing

Singing is a human basic function

Lung choirs/singing groups

Initial research

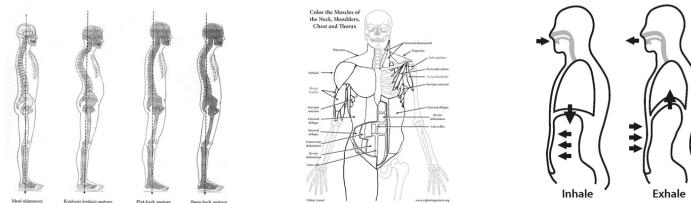
- Characterised by:
 - Heterogeneity
 - Various purposes
 - Myths and miracles...
 - Mis-match in findings
- Lack of knowledge
- Lack of high-quality and rigorous research
- Relevant in pulmonary rehabilitation???
 - Drop out
 - Maintenance/upkeep



Relevance in pulmonary rehabilitation?

- Physically oriented activity

- Singing involves the whole body
- Training effect without noticing....
- "Singing and breathing are intimately related"¹



- Psychosocially oriented activity

- Associated with joy and cohesion
- Being among peers
- Break isolation
- Not focusing on the disease
- Spiritual aspects, meaning
- Long-term upkeep – fidelity/"family"
- Activity and engagement in local community



1. Lewis A, Philip KEJ, Lound A, et al. The physiology of singing and implications for 'Singing for Lung Health' as a therapy for individuals with chronic obstructive pulmonary disease. *BMJ Open Respiratory Research* 2021

Ph.d.



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**TOPIC 1:
WHAT?**

What is a lung choir and how are lung choirs currently delivered in Denmark?

STUDY 1

**TOPIC 2:
DOES IT
WORK?**

Does singing in COPD work?

STUDY 2

**TOPIC 3:
WHAT
WORKS?**

When singing in COPD works, how does it work?

STUDY 3

**TOPIC 4 (/2.1):
DOES IT WORK
– AND WHY?**

Does singing in lung cancer work – and what is the impact?

STUDY 4

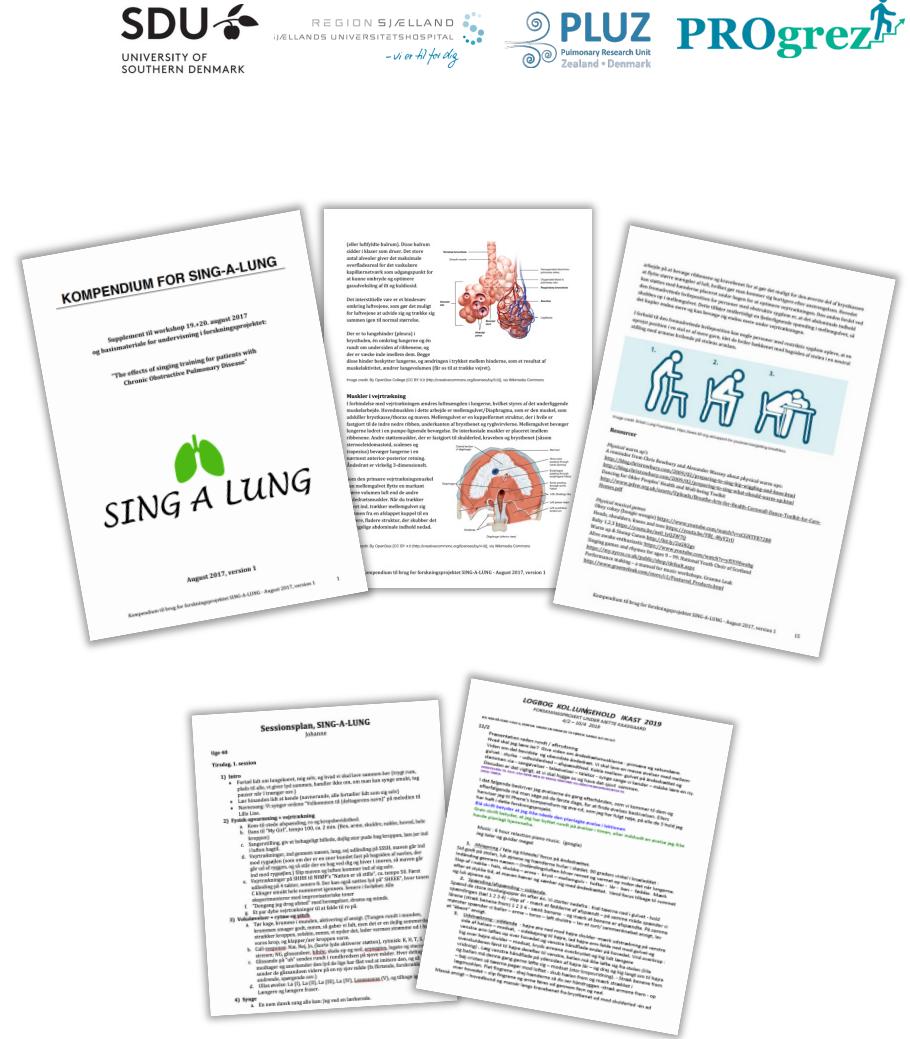
**TOPIC 5 (/3.1):
WHAT WORKS
– AND WHY?**

How might singing impact physiology?

STUDY 5

PostDoc

Methods: RCT



1. Cave Lewis A Fancourt D, P. Singing for Lung Health. in *Routledge Companion to Interdisciplinary Research in Singing* (ed. Heydon R, F. D. & C. A.) Volume iii Wellbeing,
 2. Lewis, A. et al. Singing for Lung Health-a systematic review of the literature and consensus statement. *NPJ Prim Care Respir Med* **26**, 16080 (2016).
 3. Lewis, A., Cave, P. & Hopkinson, N. S. Singing for Lung Health: a qualitative assessment of a British Lung Foundation programme for group leaders. *BMJ Open Respir Res*

ISSON

Part 4 CONCLUSION



Vigtigste fund fra RCT

Physical capacity and

Factors associated
in 6MWD (≥ 30 me

Change factors associations with achieving MID

6MWD-MID achieved

Multivariable Logistic Regression: Selected change factors

Variable	OR	95% CI	p-value
Heart Rate Response - 50% change			
0 (no)	Base		
1 (yes)	3.14	[1.1;8.8]	0.03

SGRQ-MID achieved

Multivariable Logistic Regression: Selected change factors

Variable	OR	95% CI	p-value
MIP MID (≥ 17 cm H ₂ O)			
0 (no)	Base		
1 (yes)	4.35	[1.1;17.6]	0.04

g modality and achieving
(MID) of 6MWD (30 metres)

CI	SGRQ-MID		
	OR	95% CI	P-value
1.46	[0.79;2.68]	0.23	
1.00	Reference		
1.00	Reference		
8.25	[2.09;32.65]	0.01	
16.95	[4.93;58.25]	<0.001	

Ratios (ORs) were computed
using univariable logistic regression.



mMRC

Baseline	2.2 ± 1.2	2.0 ± 1.2	0.25
Follow-up	2.0 ± 1.2	2.0 ± 1.3	0.97
Change from baseline	$0.2 \pm 0.7^{***}$	0.1 ± 0.8	0.07 [-0.38;0.60]

Table text:
Within-group

Table text: Constant terms
using univariable logistic

Table text:
Within-group

Ph.d.



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**TOPIC 1:
WHAT?**

**TOPIC 2:
DOES IT
WORK?**

**TOPIC 3:
WHAT
WORKS?**

**TOPIC 4 (/2.1):
DOES IT WORK
– AND WHY?**

**TOPIC 5 (/3.1):
WHAT WORKS
– AND WHY?**

What is a lung choir and how are lung choirs currently delivered in Denmark?

Does singing in COPD work?

When singing in COPD works, how does it work?

Does singing in lung cancer work – and what is the impact?

How might singing impact physiology?

STUDY 1

STUDY 2

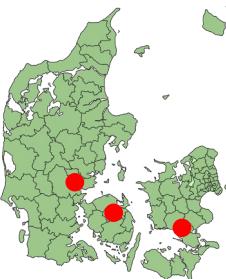
STUDY 3

STUDY 4

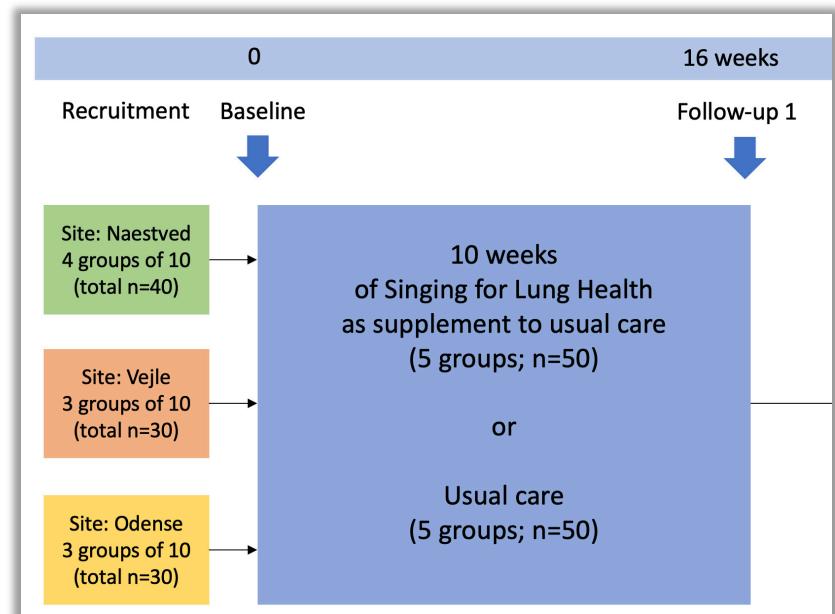
STUDY 5

PostDoc

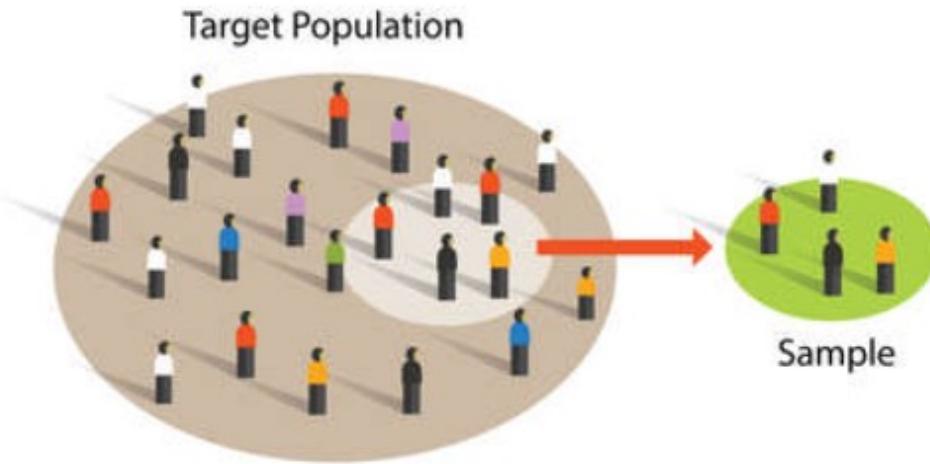
RCT – singing in NSCLC



- Sjællands Universitetshospital, Næstved
- Odense Universitetshospial
- Sygehus Lillebælt, Vejle
- Patients after surgical resection for NSCLC
- N=100
- 6MWT
- QoL
- Symptom burden (cluster)
- Anxiety and Depression
- Lung function
- Respiratory muscle strength
- Dyspnoea
- Breathing vigilance



Qualitative study – singing in NSCLC



Impact of singing...

- Meaning og singing
- Experience og singing with peers
- Experience of symptom burden
- Experience of dyspnoea
- Experience of tools adapted
- ...?

Tak til fonde, puljer og institutioner

- Institut for Klinisk Medicin, Aarhus Universitet
- Medicinsk Afdeling, Sjællands Universitetshospital, Roskilde og Næstved
- Næstved-Slagelse-Ringsted Sygehuse – Lokal Forskningspulje
- Region Sjællands Sundhedsvidenskabelige Forskningsfond
- Region Midt – Folkesundhed i Midten
- TrygFonden
- Helsefonden
- Aase og Ejnar Danielsens Fond
- Danmarks Lungeforenings Forskningsfond
- Fonden til Lægevidenskabens Fremme
- Forskningscenter for Lungekræft
- Kræftens Bekæmpelse
- Novo Nordisk-fonden



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Pulmonary Research Unit
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TAK!

Vem kan segla förutan vind

1. Vem kan segla förutan vind?

Vem kan ro utan åror?

Vem kan skiljas från vännen sin
utan att fälla tårar?

2.Jag kan segla förutan vind,
jag kan ro utan åror,
men ej skiljas från vännen min
utan att fälla tårar?



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PhD-afhandling:

Singing in Pulmonary Rehabilitation of Patients with Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease (COPD). M. Kaasgaard (forsvar 10/6 2022).
Link: <https://drive.google.com/file/d/1vuXJuFaHZLnDQMNYZEj4RXWLowqoj6En/view?usp=sharing>

Forskningsartikler fra Ph.d.:

Heterogeneity in Danish lung choirs and their singing leaders: delivery, approach, and experiences: a survey-based study. 2019. Kaasgaard, M., Andersen, I.C., D.B. Rasmussen, Vuust, P., Hilberg, O., Løkke, A., Bodtger. U.BMJ Open2020;10:e041700. DOI: 10.1136/bmjopen-2020-041700
Link: <https://bmjopen.bmj.com/content/10/11/e041700>

Use of Singing for Lung Health as an alternative training modality within pulmonary rehabilitation for COPD: an RCT. 2021. M. Kaasgaard, D. Bech Rasmussen, K. Andreasson, A. Løkke, P. Vuust, O. Hilberg, U. Bodtger. European Respiratory Journal 2021. DOI: 10.1183/13993003.01142-2021
Link: <https://erj.ersjournals.com/content/erj/59/5/2101142.full.pdf>

Physiological changes related to 10 weeks of Singing for Lung Health in patients with COPD. 2022. M. Kaasgaard, D. Bech Rasmussen, A. Løkke, P. Vuust, O. Hilberg, U. Bodtger. BMJ Open Respiratory Research 2022. DOI: 10.1136/bmjresp-2022-00120
Link: <https://bmjopenrespres.bmj.com/content/bmjresp/9/1/e001206.full.pdf>

Links til artikler om Sing-a-Lung 1.0 i lægmandssprog:

<https://videnskab.dk/krop-sundhed/sang-kan-hjaelpe-kol-patienter-med-at-faa-vejret/>
<https://www.luftspejlet.dk/luftundersangensvinger>

Forskningsprofil:

Info om artikler, projekter, medvirken/omtale i presse m.m.:
Research profile: <https://portal.findresearcher.sdu.dk/en/persons/mkaasgaard>